

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1786.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given to the free and independent Electors of the county of Montgomery, That a County Meeting is proposed to be held at the house of Captain Christian Stear, in the township of Whitmarsh, on Saturday, the 30th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to fix upon a ticket for Representatives in the General Assembly, and other officers for the ensuing year, according to our old custom, before the General Election.

August 29, 1786.

To be Sold at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Bristol township, Philadelphia county, and adjoining the Old York road, about 6 miles from the city of Philadelphia, and one mile and a half from Germantown; contains 84 acres of land, which is very high and healthy, and commands an elegant and extensive prospect of the river Delaware and the Jersey shore, Germantown, &c. There are on the premises, a convenient house, with three rooms on a floor below and four above, a new stone kitchen, a well of good water near the door, a stone spring-house with a never failing spring of water, a frame barn almost new, well finished, with a floor, cow-house, and stable, each end 22 by 32 feet; likewise, a chair-house and stable, two large gardens with a variety of fruit trees, a good bearing orchard of choice fruit; the soil is good for all kinds of grain, a sufficient quantity of meadow, watered by good springs, and woodland; the greatest part of the premises is now under good post and rail fence. Any person inclined to purchase the whole, or part, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

MATTHEW INGRAM.

N. B. Three Hundred Pounds of the purchase-money must be paid down, and the remainder as may best suit the purchaser.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, last night, an iron grey HORSE, rather black, about 15 hands high, round bodied and handsome made, a natural trotter, and accustomed to the gears, six years old last spring, no particular mark but rather greyer about the head, and like the form of a compass in his forehead, middling long dock, and towards the top white. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so as the thief may be prosecuted to conviction, shall have the above reward, or Three Pounds for the horse only, by me

August 19, 1786.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, living at the Governor's Mill, on the Germantown road, on the 20th of June last, a fawn bitten grey MARE, of a middling size, 8 years old, has a short tail, a slit on her right ear; also an iron grey Colt with her, with a white star in the forehead, the right hind foot white, the colt is almost as large as the mare. Whoever takes up the said mare and colt, so that the owner may get them again, shall receive TWO DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JACOB OMENSETTER.

CAME to the plantation of Abel James, near Frankford, THREE STRAY COLTS, two bays and a black, two supposed to be one year old, and the other appears to be two years old. The owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges of keeping, and take them away, otherwise they will be sold agreeably to law, to pay the charges.

August 27, 1786.

MATTHEW REA.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber on the 13th inst. a Molatto fellow, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, middling long bushy hair, combs it back, had on a tow linen shirt and frock, two pair of trousers, one of which is striped. It is likely he will change his name from Lem to something else, as he has done before on the like occasion, it is conjectured he will make for some sea-port, as he has been to the West-Indies, and wishes to be there again. Whoever takes up said molatto, and secures him in any goal, and gives information to his master at Elisabethtown, in New-Jersey, or brings him home, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges, by me

August 17, 1786.

JACOB WINANS.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of WILLIAM BROWN, late of Nottingham, Chester county, deceased, are desired to pay the subscribers, or either of them; and those that have any just demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts to be settled.

WILLIAM BROWN, } Executors.
WILLIAM CHURCHMAN, }

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, at the Court-house, in the town of Easton, on Tuesday, the 19th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, a certain Tract of Land, situate in Mount-Bethel township, bounded by land of Nathaniel Green, Elias Dealy and others, containing 200 acres more or less, whereof about 30 acres are cleared, having thereon a dwelling-house and other out houses; late the property of Valentine Santee. Seized and taken in execution, and to be sold, by

PETER EALER, Sheriff.

Burlington, August 14, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 13th of September next, between the hours of 12 and 5 of the clock in the afternoon of same day, at the house of James Esdail, inn-keeper, in Burlington, Proprietary Rights to about twenty-five thousand acres of unlocated lands in New-Jersey, which will be sold in lots of 50 acres, 100 acres, or more, as may best suit the purchasers; late the property of John Hind, deceased, in the hands of James Esdail, Administrator; seized and taken in execution at the suit of John Ecc.

JOHN HOLLINSHEAD, Sheriff.

WHEREAS the subscriber, having bought a house and lot of ground, situate in West-Nantmill township, Chester county, of Jacob Kimmel, of Cecilie township, Lancaster county, for which he gave the said Kimmel four Bonds, dated April 1, 1786, the first for ten pounds, payable April 1787, the others three for twenty-five pounds each, payable in the three following years, 1787, 1788 and 1789; but as the said Kimmel cannot give me a good title to the said house and lot. I do hereby caution all persons, not to take an assignment on said bonds, as I am determined not to pay any of them unless compelled thereto by law.

GEORGE REININGER.

FOR SALE.

A PART of that valuable and well known Tract of Land, formerly the property of Capt. Robert Pearis, now known by the name of Walnut-Grove, in Frederick county, Virginia, within three miles and an half of the borough of Winchester, and on the great road leading from thence to Rumney court-house, containing 600 acres of land of the first quality, remarkably well timbered, has a fine young apple orchard, 170 acres of which is cleared and under good fence, 50 acres of which is good meadow, part of which is conveniently watered, and about as much more may be made at a small expence. This land produces very good tobacco, wheat, corn, &c. is particularly well adapted to farming, being very lively, can always be improved with little expence. This tract is well watered, there being a number of fine springs on it. There are on the premises two good dwelling-houses, two stories high, with cellars under each, one of which has four fireplaces, and three rooms on each floor, and the other with two fireplaces, and two rooms on each floor, two kitchens and other out-houses, a good barn 30 by 71 feet, with stables under the whole. The terms may be made known by applying to David Davis, 8 miles from Winchester, or to the subscriber on the premises.

August 1, 1786.

JOHN DAVIS.

Piles-Grove, West-Jersey, 1786.

THIS is to forewarn any person or persons of taking an assignment of my bond, given to Andrew Lock, conditioned for the payment of eighty-four pounds, dated the 20th of January, 1782, as the conditions for which the aforesaid bond was given is not performed by the said Andrew Lock. I therefore hold myself not bound to pay any part thereof.

ANDREW WATSON.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, late the estate of Isaac Hough, deceased, situate in Loudon county, Virginia, on the main Carolina road, about five miles from Leesburgh, the county town, and half a mile from Potomack river, which in a short time is expected to be navigable for boats down to Alexandria, being about forty miles distant. Said place contains about 250 acres of the first rate land in the county, about 100 acres of which is cleared, the remainder well timbered, a never failing stream of water runs through the whole, with fall sufficient for a breast mill, whereon is a good log house and kitchen, a log barn both roomy and convenient, with a threshing-floor 18 by 20 feet, and stables at each end, a good milch-house over a never failing limestone spring, the whole in good repair. A good and sufficient title will be given. For terms apply to the subscribers, living in Warminster township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania.

EDITH HOUGH, Executrix,
JOHN HOUGH, Executor.

Philadelphia, August 15, 1786.

THIS day dissolved the partnership of JOSEPH ASHBRIDGE, and Co. with mutual consent, those that have any demands against the said firm, are requested to bring in their accounts; and those indebted, to make payment to

JOSEPH ASHBRIDGE.

N. B. The said Joseph Ashbridge continues to carry on the business of biscuit baking, in Union-street, between Second and Front-streets.

FOR SALE,

In Penn-street, at the Stores of

Willing, Morris and Swanwick,

HYSON and Bohea Teas, in whole, half and quarter chests, of the last importation from China, French cambricks and lawns, silks and satins, Mens and womens plain and coloured gloves, Gold lace, India and French chintzes and calicoes, Italian silks, silk handkerchiefs and oil cloth umbrellas, Scotch threads, checks, buckrams, rattinets, &c. Queens ware, China plates, &c. in crates and boxes, Marble chimney pieces, slabs and paving tiles, Zant currants in barrels, Rolt briarstone in boxes, Old Martinique coffee in bags, French brandy in pipes, Claret in boxes, of three and four dozen each, Madeira, Teneriff and Sherry wines.

May 6, 1786.

WANTED,

AN APPRENTICE to a house long established in the Wholesale Dry-Good business, in this city. Any lad of proper abilities, fair character and reputable family, will suit.

To be let on ground-rent, upon moderate terms, SEVERAL LOTS

In a central and improving part of the city; also a genteel three story HOUSE, in Market near Sixth-street, to be RENTED. Apply to the PRINTERS.

6 w.

Philadelphia, August 23, 1786.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of GEORGE KEEHMLE, late of this city, Barber and Peruke-maker, deceased, by bond, note or book accounts, are desired to make payment to the subscriber; and those who have any just demands against said estate, are requested to bring in their accounts in order for settlement.

MARY KEEHMLE, Executrix.

WHEREAS by an advertisement of the 3d May last (repeatedly published in this paper) notice was given that a dark bay mare, about 3 years old, was left in the pasture of the subscriber, living in Bethlehem, in the county of Northampton, and that the said mare was supposed to have been stolen by a certain George M^rHarley, and the owner desired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take her away: This is to give Notice that if the said owner doth not come before the first day of September next, and prove his property as aforesaid, the said mare and things advertised will be sold on the said first day of September next, for the charges and other expences.

August 3, 1786.

FREDERICK BEUTEL.

WAS taken up by the subscriber, living in Edgemont township, Chester county, on the great road leading from Chester to Lancaster, on the 24th of July last, a roan MARE, shod all round, near fourteen hands high: The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

August 4, 1786.

ISAAC HOOPES.

EXTRACTS from the Minutes of the Third Session of the TENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the COMMONWEALTH of PENNSYLVANIA.

FRIDAY, August 25, 1786. A. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. The petition of Margaret Smyth, read yesterday, was read the second time, and committed.

The memorial of the religious society of the people called Quakers, in Pennsylvania, read March 17th last, was read the second time, and committed.

The petition of divers inhabitants of the county of Northampton, read March 17th last, was read the second time, and committed.

A petition from divers inhabitants of Upper-Paxton township, in the county of Dauphin, was read, setting forth, that the place appointed by law for holding the general elections is very inconvenient, and praying that they may be allowed to hold their general elections at Cline's mill, on Wiconisky creek, as being the most central place.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from a considerable number of the inhabitants of the townships of West-Nantmill, East and West-Calm, and West-Bradford, Newlin, West-Whiteland and Sadsbury, in the county of Chester, were read, praying that the place for holding their general elections may not be removed from the Pennsylvania Arms, as proposed by the bill, entitled "An Act to amend the act, entitled 'An Act to regulate the general elections, &c.'"

Ordered to lie on the table.

The memorials of Thomas Edwards, Esquire, and Henry Dering and others, read March 30th last, were severally read the second time, and committed.

The petition of Thomas Scott, James Marshall and David Redwick, in behalf of the inhabitants of Washington county, read April 3d last, was read the second time, and referred to Messrs. Gray, Lilly and McDowell, to report thereon.

Petitions from divers inhabitants of the counties of Washington and Fayette, of a similar tenor with the preceding petition, were read; and on motion, and by special order, the same were read the second time.

Ordered, That they, together with all other petitions of a like nature now on the files of the House, be referred to the last named committee, to report thereon.

On motion made by Mr. Fitzsimons, seconded by Mr. Loller, Ordered, That Tuesday next be assigned for the third reading of the bill, entitled "An Act for altering and amending an act, entitled 'An Act to regulate the general elections of this commonwealth, and to prevent frauds therein.'"

On motion made by Mr. Fitzsimons, seconded by Mr. Will, Ordered, That Wednesday next be assigned for the third reading of the bill, entitled "An Act for amending the penal laws of this state."

The bill, entitled "An Act for confirming and amending the charter of the German reformed congregation residing in the borough of Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster, in the state of Pennsylvania," was read the third time, in part debated by paragraphs, and the further consideration thereof postponed.

The bill, entitled "An Act for vesting certain city lots therein mentioned in Trustees, for a burial-ground for the use of the religious society of Free Quakers in the city of Philadelphia," was read the third time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be engrossed, for the purpose of being enacted into a law.

The bill, entitled "An Act to extend the benefit of an act, entitled 'An Act to give the benefit of trial by jury to the public officers of this state, and to other persons who shall be proceeded against in a summary manner by the Comptroller-General of this state,' to such person or persons whose accounts were settled before the publication of the same act," was read the third time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be engrossed, for the purpose of being enacted into a law.

The bill, entitled "An Act for incorporating the German reformed congregation in the borough of Reading, in the county of Berks," having been brought in engrossed, was compared at the table, enacted into a law, and the Speaker directed to sign the same.

Adjourned until half past nine o'clock to-morrow, A. M.

SATURDAY, August 26, 1786. A. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment. A petition from a considerable number of the inhabitants of the county of Bedford was read, praying for a division of said county.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from divers inhabitants of the county of Westmoreland were read, praying certain alterations may be made in the bill, entitled "A Supplement to the act, entitled 'An Act to regulate the general elections of this commonwealth, and to prevent frauds therein,' previous to its being passed into a law."

Ordered to lie on the table.

A Message from the President and the Supreme Executive Council was presented to the chair, and read.

[For the Message see our last.]

The following bills having been brought in engrossed, were severally compared at the table, enacted into laws, and the Speaker directed to sign the same, viz.

An ACT to extend the benefit of an act, entitled "An Act to give the benefit of trial by jury to the public officers of this state, and to other persons who shall be proceeded against in a summary manner by the Comptroller-General of this state," to such person or persons whose accounts were settled before the publication of the same act."

An ACT to incorporate the Presbyterian Congregation in the borough of Carlisle, in the county of Cumberland.

An ACT for vesting certain city lots therein mentioned in the Trustees, for a burial ground for the use of the religious society of Free Quakers in the city of Philadelphia.

Adjourned until three o'clock on Monday next, P. M.

MONDAY, August 28, 1786. P. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

The several petitions from the inhabitants of the counties of Chester, Cumberland, Westmoreland and Dauphin, read August 25th and 26th, were read the second time, and committed.

The committee appointed August 26th, on the message from the President and the Supreme Executive Council, made report, which was read; and on motion, and by special order, the same was read the second time: Whereupon,

Resolved, That the letters of the 7th of May, 26th of July, and 28th of August, from our Delegates in Congress; the several letters from the Secretary of Congress, with the acts of Congress therein referred to; and the letters from Governors Bowdoin,

Caswell and Vandyke, with the act of the General Assembly of Delaware, be referred to Mr. Fitzsimons, Mr. Robinson and Mr. Findley, to report thereon.

Resolved, That the papers respecting Wyoming be referred to Mr. Clymer, Mr. Gray, Mr. Evans, Mr. Whitehill and Mr. Smilie, to report thereon.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled "An Act for confirming and amending the charter of the German reformed congregation residing in the borough of Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster, in the state of Pennsylvania," and having further debated the same by paragraphs.

Ordered, That the further consideration thereof be postponed. The bill, entitled "An Act for incorporating the Presbyterian congregation of Bensalem, in the county of Bucks," was read the third time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be engrossed, for the purpose of being enacted into a law.

The bill, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Presbyterian congregation of Brandywine, in the township of West-Nantuxin, in the county of Chester," was read the third time, debated by paragraphs, and ordered to be printed for public consideration. Adjourned until half past nine o'clock to-morrow, A. M.

TUESDAY, August 29, 1786. A. M.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

A petition from a considerable number of the inhabitants of the county of Bucks was read, referring to the petition of John White, read March 4th last, and praying the same may be taken into consideration, and the prayer thereof be granted.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from divers freeholders and inhabitants of the county of Lancaster was read, referring to the petition of Abraham Witmer, read April 6th last, and praying the same may be taken into consideration, and the prayer thereof granted.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from Elizabeth Kutz was read, stating certain grievances, and praying the interposition of this House.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Petitions from Philip Buckius and Adam Alberger, insolvent debtors, confined in the goal of the city and county of Philadelphia, were read, praying to be released from their confinement.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from John Hall was read, setting forth, that he was employed in the year 1777 by the Council of Safety to purchase provisions for the state navy, that he hath received at several times since as much as the nominal amount of his expenditures, but no compensation for his trouble or expenses; and praying he may be entitled to a reasonable allowance for depreciation on the money received, as well as to such further consideration for his trouble as may be deemed just.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from Alexander Boinod was read, setting forth, that he brought over with him, and afterwards continued to import from Europe a quantity of books, chiefly in the French language, in hopes of making a profit by the sale of them; that, contrary to his expectation, he has during a period of three years sold but a small quantity of them, and the remainder is likely to remain on his hands; and praying leave to bring in a bill, to enable him to dispose of the same by way of lottery.

Ordered to lie on the table.

A petition from Alexander McDowell, a Deputy Surveyor of one of the districts in the late purchase, was read, praying he may be allowed a reasonable compensation for running the division line of his district, which was afterwards altered by an order of the Supreme Executive Council, in order to give two districts to other Surveyors.

Ordered to lie on the table.

[To be continued.]

New-York, August 15, 1786.

PROPOSALS For PRINTING by SUBSCRIPTION, (In Two Volumes, large Octavo)

A NEAT American edition of a work, which is held in the highest estimation (seven large impressions having been sold in Great Britain in the course of thirty years) entitled,

Dissertations on the Prophecies,

Which have remarkably been fulfilled, and are now fulfilling in the world.

By THOMAS NEWTON, D. D. late Lord Bishop of Bristol.

CONDITIONS.

I. The work will be printed on good paper and type, in a neat and elegant manner.

II. When five hundred subscribers have given in their names, the work will be put to the press, and finished with all possible expedition.

III. The price of the two volumes, neatly bound and lettered, (which will contain about 450 pages, large octavo, in each volume) shall be only Twenty Shillings, New-York currency, to the subscribers, (although the London edition is nearly double that price) and to non-subscribers Twenty-four Shillings.

IV. Those who subscribe for twelve sets, shall receive one gratis; and the bookellers the usual allowance.

V. A list of the subscribers names will be printed in the beginning of the second volume.

VI. No money is required until the two volumes are delivered.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE understanding of scripture prophecies, and of their fulfilment, is of the greatest importance in the Christian life: By this we perceive every providence of God toward persons, places, churches, or nations, to be a practical explication, and manifest proof of the divine authority and infallible veracity of these revealed truths, on which our faith and hope, for time and eternity, are founded. By this we plainly discern the Almighty magnifying his own word, and manifesting himself the eternal planner and infinitely wise manager of every event that happens in the world.

This Work is so very interesting in its nature, that an eminent Divine said, "If he was to be banished to a desert island, and was allowed to have only two books, next to the Bible, he would choose Newton on the Prophecies."

It is intended, that those who are willing to encourage this valuable Work will send their names, without delay, to the publisher, ROBERT HODGE, No. 38, Maiden Lane; Mr. THOMAS DORRIS, bookseller in Second-street, Messrs. CRAWFORD and BAILEY, printers in Market-street; or to Mr. WILLIAM YOUNG, bookseller in Second-street, Philadelphia.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

WAS stolen on the night of the 28th of this instant, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, on the road leading from Lancaster to Newport, three miles below the Gap tavern; a GRAY MARE, three years old last spring, about 14 hands high, middling full faced, twitch tail, somewhat crooked in her hind legs, never was shod, paces and trots, but mostly inclines to pace, has sometimes a shifting in her gait, as she is not properly broke. Whoever takes up said mare and thief, so that the thief be brought to justice, and the owner receive his mare, shall have the above reward, and for the mare only, five dollars, and reasonable charges, paid by Eighteenth month 30, 1786.

N. B. A poor old dun or mouse coloured horse was found in the pasture the morning after the mare was stolen.

Footman & Shippen,

In Third-street, have for SALE,
An assortment of WOOLENS,
Suitable for the season, consisting of

BLANKETS, Bath coatings, White flannels, White and spotted swanskins, Embossed serges, Drab plains, Forest cloths, Kerseys, Half thicks, Coarse broadcloths, German striped linseys, Blue and coloured linseys, Worsted hose, Bed quilts, Diaper coverlids,	Fearnoughts, Worsted and hair plushes, Superfine cloths of the first quality, Superfine cassimers, With a general assortment of dry goods usually imported, Elegant Persian carpets, A L S O, Pewter assorted in calks: Hard ware and cutlery, Nails; hats, Long & short pipes, frying pans, Bar iron, Deer skins; beaver,
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Excellent bottled Porter by the Tierce.

September 4, 1786. † 6 w.

To the FREEMEN of the County of CHESTER, entitled to vote at the general Elections.

GENTLEMEN,

THE encouragement and kind offers of my Friends to give me their interest for the Sheriff's Office, induces me to solicit you for your votes and interest for that office at the next general Election; which favor shall be ever gratefully remembered by your ready and attentive friend to serve,

Middletown, Sept. 4, 1786. EZEKIEL LEONARD.

To be SOLD, at private Sale,

A PLANTATION or tract of land, situate in the township of West-town, Chester county, containing 109 or 110 acres of good land, 13 or 14 acres of good meadow, and more may be made at a small expense, a sufficient quantity of woodland, with a good dwelling-house, barn, stabling, &c. a good orchard and other fruit of divers kinds, a well of good water at the door, the whole in good repair, adjoining lands of William Hawley, John Polas Seal, Thomas Mercer and others, it being within 2 miles or thereabouts of the new Court-house, at the sign of the Turk's head; any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, on the premises.

September 1, 1786. MOSES COCK.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered on the 1st day of the Fourth Month next, THE following Tracts of LAND, situate in Providence township, Montgomery county, about 25 miles from Philadelphia, and about 7 or 8 from the town of Norris, viz.

No. I. Containing 350 acres, including a sufficiency of woodland, with an extensive front on the river Schuylkill; the soil is good, and the plantation well accommodated with meadow of a good quality, a considerable part thereof watered, the fields for the most part well supplied with water by springs rising in them; there is on the farm a stone dwelling-house, a stone spring-house over a never-failing spring of good water, a good log barn and stabling; the situation is pleasant and healthy; in its present state it is a valuable farm, and capable of great improvement.

No. II. Adjoining the aforesaid, containing from 150 to 200 acres, as the purchaser may choose, with a sufficiency of woodland, about ten acres of meadow ground, part thereof cleared, a log house and barn.

No. III. Adjoining the last mentioned, containing from 50 to 75 acres, as the purchaser may choose (suitable for a tradesman) with a log house and stable, some meadow, and a sufficiency of timber.

And lastly, Several Ten Acre Lots of WOODLAND, adjoining a public road, suitable for tradesmen.

These tracts are all within about 5 miles of several lime-kilns. Any person inclining to purchase, may, by applying to the subscriber near the premises, be shown the land; and informed respecting the title and terms.

8th Mo. 20, 1786. ISRAEL JACOBS.

RAN away, on the 11th of August, from the subscriber, an Irish servant girl, named Agnes Robinson, dark complexion, black hair; had with her, when she went away, a black silk bonnet, a calicoe short gown, and some striped ones, two skirts, one a light green, the other blue; had with her a child about two months old. Any person taking up said girl, so that her master may have her again, shall have SIXPENCE reward, paid by

WILLIAM HESTON.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to sale by public vendue, on the premises, on Monday, the 18th of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage and tract of land, containing 150 acres, more or less, situate in the township of Bristol, bounded by lands of Jacob Baldwin, Robert Patterson, and others. Also at the same time and place will be sold, stock, a sett of carpenters tools, household furniture, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of John Edgar, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 19th of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage, and tract of 59 acres of land, situate in Bristol township, bounded by lands of Peter White, John Clark, Esq; Joshua Wright, and others. Also at the same time and place will be sold, stock, implements of husbandry, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of John Bodine, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 20th of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage, and tract of land, containing 150 acres, more or less, situate in the township of Bensalem, bounded by lands of Richard Gibbs, Esq; Joshua Vandegrift, and others. Taken in execution as the estate of Laurence Johnson, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 21st of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, A messuage and tract of land, containing 75 acres, more or less; situate in Bensalem township, bounded by lands of ----- Also, at the same time and place will be sold, horses, cattle, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of Jesse Jackson, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, on Friday, the 22d of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage and tract of land, containing 180 acres, more or less; situate in the township of Middletown, bounded by lands late of Anthony Tate, the Bristol road, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of Valentine Nelson, deceased, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 23d of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage and tract of land, containing 63 acres, more or less, situate in the township of Upper Makefield, Also, at the same time and place will be sold, stock, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of John Taylor, jun. and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Monday, the 25th of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage and tract of land, containing 160 acres, more or less, situate in Falls township. Also, at the same time and place will be sold, horses, cows, &c. Taken in execution as the property of Owen Lovet, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 26th of September next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, A messuage and tract of land, containing 240 acres, more or less; situate in Falls township, bounded by lands of David Scott, and others. Also, at the same time and place will be sold, stock, implements of husbandry, household furniture, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of Robert Scot, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, on Wednesday, the 27th of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, Two messuages and a tract of land, containing 250 acres, more or less; situate in the township of Hilltown, bounded by lands of Samuel Bergy, Joseph Thomas, and the Bethlehem road. Also, at the same time and place will be sold, horses, cattle, sheep, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of James Armstrong, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, on Thursday, the 28th of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage and tract of land, containing 100 acres; situate in Rockhill township. Also at the same time and place will be sold stock, implements of husbandry, household furniture, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of John Low, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Friday, the 29th of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, A messuage and tract of land, containing 130 acres, more or less; situate in the township of Lower Milford. Also at the same time and place will be sold, horses, cows, a quantity of grain and hay, &c. Taken in execution as the property of Philip Frumhower, deceased, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 30th of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, A messuage, grist mill, saw mill, and tract of land, containing 200 acres, and one other tract of land, containing 130 acres; both situate in Richland township. Also horses, cattle, implements of husbandry, household furniture, &c. Taken in execution as the estate of Jacob Burk, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

N. B. The whole of the above to be sold at the house of Jacob Burk, on the premises first mentioned.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, on Monday, the 2d of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, One undivided fifth-part of a messuage, grist-mill, and 50 acres of land, situate in Solebury township. Also at the same time and place will be sold, stock, household furniture, &c. Taken in execution as the property of Daniel Hough, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Bucks County, August 29, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 3d of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the house of Zebulon Pike, in the township of Solebury, Stock, implements of husbandry, a large new flat, household furniture, &c. Taken in execution as the property of the said Pike.

And on the same day, at three o'clock in the afternoon, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Jonathan Kinsey, A messuage and tract of land, containing 81 acres, more or less, situate in Solebury aforesaid. Also stock, implements of husbandry, household furniture, &c. Taken in execution as the property of the said Kinsey, and to be sold by

WILLIAM ROBERTS, Sheriff.

Darby township, Chester county, August 30, 1786.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber about the 14th of June, a dark bay (or rather brown) HORSE, with a blaze in his face, and white feet, near 14 hands high, a natural trotter, about 9 years old, neither brand nor ear-mark, and no shoes on. Whoever takes up and secures said horse and thief, if stolen, so that the owner may have his horse again, and the thief be brought to justice, shall be entitled to SIX DOLLARS reward, or THREE DOLLARS for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by

WILLIAM DAVIS.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in St. Georges Hundred, New-Castle county, and state of Delaware, on the night of the 15th of August, a Mulatto man, named J O E, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; had on and to him with him, a white linen twilled coat and breeches, a calico jacket, a large furr hat, a pair of new pumps of coarse leather, and thread stockings; is very fond of strong liquor. Whoever takes up said slave, and brings him to his master, or secures him so that his master may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

LEONARD KING.

N. B. Said slave commonly passes by the name of JOE MACAULEY, and may probably endeavour to pass for a free man.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Stralburgh township, Lancaster county, in Pennsylvania, on the 26th of August, an indented mulatto servant lad, named JOHN MORTON, about 25 years of age, short black curly hair, is middling well built, about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a sleepy countenance, talks middling slow, has good English and German, had on when he went away, a good fine hat, a London brown broadcloth coat, buff coloured corduroy waistcoat and breeches, ash coloured worsted stockings, plated buckles, a linen stock and red Barcelona handkerchief. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home.

August 27, 1786.

JOHN BARR.

St. JOHN'S (New-Brinswick) July 4.

Two valuable vessels were brought into this port last week, from the bay of Passamaquaddy, for a breach of trade, by encroachment on the territorial right of Great-Britain; the one under the sanction of a naval officer, established by the government of Massachusetts, on Frederick Island, within this province, had discharged her cargo, and the other had reported herself at the said office for that purpose. They have however been dismissed in consequence of their ignorance of their situation, and we trust that this spirited conduct of our vigilant officers of the customs will serve as a warning to others, and a hint to the said naval officer, or any other who may presume to exercise such an office within this province, by virtue of an appointment from the government of Massachusetts.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London to his friend in this city, dated April 24, 1786.

"I have now enclosed to you a copy of the report of the commissioners (a few days past) to the house of commons, by which you may perceive that professional losses have not yet been provided for, but I hope they soon will. The agents for the loyalists are urging the minister to fund, or otherwise provide for the payment of the whole losses as fast as they are reported, and have prepared a petition to his majesty and one to the commons, which they propose delivering in case Mr. Pitt does not think proper to agree to their propositions, and I can assure you that I do not perceive any impediment in the way of their success. Governor Franklin has declined acting as agent for the New-Jersey loyalists, and yesterday Daniel Cox, Esquire, was chosen in his stead."

Total claims received 2178, amount thereof in property claimed 7 209 759l. exclusive of 153 claims having no specific estimate of losses.

Heard and liquidated, 563 claimants; property claimed by them 3,090,375l. which is liquidated to 876,421l.

Claims not yet heard, 1610; amount of property 4,119,384l. Debts claimed and not included in the above, amount 2,349 384l. Besides offices and professions are not included.

BOSTON, August 19.

Saturday last a Mrs. Hatch was instantaneously struck dead by lightning, in Duxbury. No effect of the cause was visible any where about her, except one cheek being a little scorched, and near it her hair somewhat singed. During the shower, the lightning was not perceived more than once, and that but a feeble glimmer.

Aug. 25. We hear that the honorable Francis Dana, Esq; proceeded on his journey yesterday, for Annapolis. His honor Lieutenant Governor Cushing is to set out this day; the honorable Elbridge Gerry, Esq; and the honorable Stephen Higginson, Esq; are to proceed in a few days for the same place. These gentlemen have been chosen to represent this commonwealth in the proposed commercial convention to be held at the city of Annapolis, in the course of the ensuing month.

August 24. The principal objects of the county conventions, according to report, are--a paper currency--obstruction to the fitting of judicial courts--suspension of the payment of taxes--and a removal of the seat of government from Boston.

A correspondent begs leave to remind the members of some county conventions in this commonwealth, that obedience is due to every government, so long as those who administer it keep to their duty, that is, remain satisfied with the proportion of power which is delegated to them by the constitution, and make use of it for those purposes only for which it was entrusted with them.

It follows from hence, that opposition to any government or administration is only just and reasonable, when those at the helm are apparently taking such measures as are contrary to, or destructive of the constitution. Now this was actually the criterion which distinguished the late glorious revolution from an infamous rebellion. The King and his Ministers broke in upon whatever the people held valuable or sacred, they infringed our civil and religious rights. But at the present time the case is essentially different, and whoever acts in opposition to our present government, discovers a traitorous and an inimical disposition towards this country, and ought to be punished accordingly.

These Conventions appear to adopt the following for their tenets:--That it is the duty of the people to resist a good government equally as a bad one.

That true whiggism consists in perpetual resistance; or, that he who does not always resist is not a true whig.

And, that all governments are tyrannical usurpations on the natural rights of mankind.

CHARLESTOWN (Massachusetts) August 25.

At a meeting of the town of Boston, in the county of Worcester, on the 14th instant, said town voted unanimously, not to send a representation to the convention proposed to be holden at Leicester, in that county, on the 15th instant; to which they had been invited by a circular letter from a convention held at that place on the 26th of June last. They further voted to adopt the answer of the town of Cambridge to a circular letter from the Middlesex county convention (lately published in this paper) as fully expressing the sentiments of the town of Boston with respect to such proceedings.

The Worcester county convention, consisting of delegates from 37 towns, met, by adjournment, at Leicester on the 15th inst, and continued to the 17th. Deacon Willis Hall was their chairman. They in the first place voted the convention lawful and constitutional; and then proceeded to enumerate a number of popular grievances; the 5th of which is, "The appropriation of the revenue, arising from the impost and excise, to the payment of the interest of state securities." One dissentient to this. The 8th and last is, "The commonwealth's granting money to Congress, while our public accounts remain unsettled." Voted by a great majority. The convention voted to bear testimony against all mobs, riots, and unconstitutional combinations--to recommend industry, economy and a peaceable submission to constitutional authority--to choose a committee to draft a petition to the General Court--and lastly, to adjourn to the last Tuesday of September next, then to meet at Paxton.

WORCESTER, August 24.

The talk of paper money and the meeting of conventions will be productive of as great calamity to the poor industrious part of the community as can befall them; it will entirely put a stop to all credit. No person having property will think himself safe to part with it without a valuable consideration in hand. So that instead of our grievances being redressed by the extraordinary means now using, they will be increased two-fold. Industry, economy and honest principles, with the aid of a little patience and perseverance, will only, and will assuredly, bring the relief we seek for.

NEW-LONDON, August 25.

Wednesday evening last a violent thunder-storm arose, which continued over this city about three hours, attended with almost incessant and uncommonly sharp lightning; about eight o'clock the dwelling-house of Mr. Jonathan Brooks was struck by lightning, which entered a chimney, and in its way down took various directions; Mr. Brooks's only daughter, a very promising young lady, about fifteen years old, who was in a chamber near the side of the chimney, was instantly struck dead. It appeared that the lightning first struck her right temple and ran down her side; her body was much burnt. Mr. Brooks, who was in the room under his daughter, was struck down, but soon recovered; three others of the family were near him, but received no hurt. In the room, a barn belonging to Mr. Nathaniel Thompson, in the North-Parish, which was filled with grain and hay, was struck on the gable end, and some of the timbers thrown several rods; the barn, with its contents, was consumed; as were six hogs that were under it. Two of Mr. Thompson's children were struck down at the same time, but are in a fair way to recover,

HARTFORD, August 28.

Last Wednesday afternoon a very severe storm, attended with thunder and lightning, passed over this and several of the neighboring towns, by which considerable damage was sustained. At Wethersfield, a woman, by the name of Peggy Glyn, was instantly killed with the lightning. At East-Hartford four cows were killed under one tree.

NEW-YORK, August 31.

If, says a correspondent, discontent is a proof of public distress, the history of every nation in its happiest state affords authentic evidence that no nation has yet been happy, as a large proportion of mankind have marked every age of the world with apparent uneasiness. In a retrospect of past scenes, we are too apt to view the pleasing parts of the picture, to think of the advantages of our former situation, forget the dangers we have escaped, and the real distresses we have been oppressed with; instead of grateful hearts for distinguished mercies, we are too prone to fill the world with our impious clamours. This is the result of that busy and restless spirit, to the malignant influence of which every free country is exposed, and which unprincipled men are ever exciting.

That our debts are great, our trade distressed, and our money decreasing, are unquestionable truths; but is it not equally true, that most of these, heightened as they are in the representations, are the natural and necessary effects of the late war, in which our citizens have been diverted from their labour, and the want of most of the conveniences at the close of the war which we had before been accustomed to enjoy: And when industry is substituted to expedient, and we attend more to our internal resources, we shall acquire habits of frugality from the very misfortunes extravagance never fails to produce. We may then hope our situation is neither so bad as artful designing men have represented, nor is likely to continue long so bad as it now is; system and arrangement, that virtue and union of sentiments in peace, which has saved us in war, a serious, firm and permanent determination in government to do justice, are only wanting to give us fair expectations of relief from our real distresses. Any different system must expose us to the wiles of bad men, who constantly avail themselves of the real or imaginary troubles of the people, to excite their passions and raise themselves to places of honour in their country, at the expense of truth and the weal of the state.

We are informed by a gentleman arrived in the last French Packet, that their High Mightinesses the States General of the United Netherlands had lately complimented his Most Christian Majesty with four seventy gun ships. And that from the new regulation of the marine of France, men of merit only are to command capital ships, without preference to nobility as heretofore.

It gives us particular pleasure in being the first (by favor of a gentleman of respectability in this city) to lay before the public the following important article, replete with the most agreeable information to the merchants of the United States. The service rendered by his Most Catholic Majesty on this interesting occasion must be warmly felt and acknowledged by every citizen; and the successful exertions of the gentleman mentioned therein have a strong claim to the thanks of every friend to the commerce of this country.

By Captain Fullerton, of the Jamaica Packet, arrived at Philadelphia from Cadiz, there are letters to the 10th of July; some of which, from respectable gentlemen, assure, that Mr. Barclay, the American Agent, had already settled a peace with the Emperor of Morocco, through the mediation of his Catholic Majesty; whose recommendations and influence were so strong as even to obtain some exclusive privileges to the trade of the United States.

Other letters from the same quarter mention, that several treaties of commerce were in agitation; but the most forward was that between England and Spain, which, it was imagined, would soon be given out to the public.

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.

On Saturday last the honorable the General Assembly, on motion of Mr. Whitehill, seconded by Mr. Findley, unanimously agreed, "That the Committee of Accounts be directed to examine and burn the sum of £20,000 of the bills of credit of this state last emitted, which should be prepared and cancelled by the Treasurer for that purpose, in pursuance of the act for striking the same."

It is currently reported that the honorable the Congress, by their Secretary, have wrote a commendatory letter to his Excellency Governor Clinton, to convene the legislature as soon as convenient, to resume a serious consideration of the important requisitions of Congress respecting the Impost.

In the debates of the House of Commons, on the impeachment of Mr. Hastings, for his enormities and misdemeanors in India, Mr. Fox observed, in the course of his speech, "If the House, on the present question, freed Mr. Hastings, he did not know the epithets of degradation that would be applied to them; but if they chose the bright alternative, and avenged the cause of the innocent, their names would once more sound sweet in the ear of the oppressed Indian, that once placed a confidence in that name, that neither promise nor bribe could draw aside."

On the same occasion Mr. Dundas remarked, "That Mr. Hastings seldom or ever went a journey in India, but that it was marked with the ruin of some prince."

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, July 11. "We have no news in this quarter, except that of PEACE being made by the American Ambassador with the Emperor of Morocco; and it is reported, that he has given them an exclusive trade to and from Morocco. The above account I read in a letter from a respectable house in Gibraltar to the British Consul here."

By the United States in Congress assembled, August 8, 1786.

On a report of the board of treasury: resolved, that the standard of the United States of America, for gold and silver, shall be eleven parts fine and one part alloy.

That the money unit of the United States, being by the resolve of Congress of the 6th July, 1785, a dollar, shall contain, of fine silver, three hundred and seventy-five grains, and sixty-four hundredths of a grain.

That the money of account, to correspond with the division of coins, agreeable to the above resolve, proceed in a decimal ratio, agreeable to the forms and manner following, viz.

Mills, the lowest money of account, of which one thousand shall be equal to the federal dollar, or money unit, 0.001
Cents, the highest copper piece, of which one hundred shall be equal to the federal dollar, 0.100
Dimes, the lowest silver coin, ten of which shall be equal to the dollar, 1.000
Dollar, the highest silver coin, 10.000

That between the dollar and the lowest copper coin, as fixed by the resolve of Congress, of the 6th July, 1785, there shall be three silver coins, and one copper coin.

That the silver coins shall be as follow: one coin containing one hundred and eighty-seven grains, and eighty-two hundredths of a grain of fine silver, to be called a half dollar: one coin containing seventy-five grains, and one hundred and twenty-eight thousandths of a grain of fine silver, to be called a double dime: and one coin containing thirty-seven grains, and five hundred and sixty-four thousandths of a grain of fine silver, to be called a dime.

That the two copper coins shall be as follows: one equal to the one hundredth part of the federal dollar, to be called a Cent: and one equal to the two hundredth part of the federal dollar, to be called a Half Cent.

That two pounds and a quarter avoirdupois weight of copper, shall constitute one hundred cents.

That there shall be two gold coins: one containing two hundred and forty-six grains and two hundred and sixty-eight thousandths of a grain of fine gold, equal to ten dollars, to be stamped with the impression of the American Eagle, and to be called a

half dollar: one containing one hundred and twenty-three grains and one hundred and thirty-four thousandths of a grain of fine gold, equal to five dollars, to be stamped in like manner, and to be called a Half Eagle.

That the mint price of a pound troy weight of uncoined silver, eleven parts fine and one part alloy, shall be nine dollars nine dimes and two cents.

That the mint price of a pound troy weight of uncoined gold, eleven parts fine, shall be two hundred and nine dollars, seven dimes and seven cents.

CURRENT PRICES OF PUBLIC SECURITIES at the INTELLIGENCE-OFFICE, in Chestnut-street, two doors east from the Bank of North-America, August 30, 1786.

Dollar money of Pennsylvania, at par with specie.

This money bears interest at 5 per cent. since the year 1780, and by law is to be redeemed next December.

Shilling money of ditto 1 3 4, 1 7-8, 2 for one.

This money was emitted in 1781, and is received by the commonwealth in a tax levied to be paid in it, and in payment for lands and patents. Lands held by location, in the old purchase, must be patented by it or specie.

Depreciation Certificates funded, 7/6, 7/9.

These have the excise set apart by law for paying their interest, which is regularly and punctually done.

Depreciation unfunded, 7/6, 7/9, 8/0.

Are those which do not draw interest, but by law are received for any lands sold by the state, and particularly for the lands on the Ohio, which are set apart for the redemption of both kinds.

Final settlements funded, 7/6, 8/6.

These are issued to citizens of Pennsylvania, for services in the army and other departments, for articles furnished, &c. and are signed, or known by Peirce's, Burrall's, Nourie's, Bendon's Pennell's, Fox's, Stelle's, Story's and Walker's certificates, all of which come under the sanction of the law, except Peirce's, and if one year's interest appears paid on them by Thomas Smith, it is a sufficient proof of their being of this state.

Final settlements unfunded, 5/6, 5/9, 6/0.

These are all signed John Peirce, commissioner: both principal and interest pay for lands in the old and new purchases only; they draw facilities, but no interest from this state.

New loan, 6/8, 7/3, 7/6.

These are all signed David Rittenhouse, treasurer, counter-signed John Nicholson, comptroller, and are to be redeemed in the year 1796; they draw interest every six months: the difference in their price is owing to the more or less interest due on them.

Loan-office certificates, 7/6, 8/6.

These are for money put in the Loan-office, from the year 1777 to 1780, by citizens of this state.

Loan-office certificates, not adopted by any state, 2/9 to 3/6, same as balloon certificates.

Continental securities, 2/9, 3/0.

These are not adopted by any particular state, and generally called balloons.

Facilities or Indents, 5/9, 6/0.

Continental money, 15/9, 20/0 per 1000 dollars.

New-York finals, 3/6, 3/9, 4/0.

They pay for land now selling by that state equal to specie.

Jersey finals, none offered

Thompson's, 4/6, 5/0.

Delaware finals, 3/4, 3/9, 4/0.

Ditto depreciation, 6/0, 6/8.

Virginia depreciation, 5/0, 5/6, 6/8.

Ditto finals, 2/9, 3/4.

All continental securities which have drawn facilities, 2/2, 2/4, 2/6.

These are not adopted by any state.

All kinds of Certificates bought and sold by

FRANCIS WHITE.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the next Meeting of the Corporation for the Relief of Widows and Children of Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the United States of America, will be held in the City of Philadelphia, on the third day of October, being the first Tuesday after the Feast of St. Michael. BENJAMIN MOORE, Sec'y. New-York, August 10, 1786.

Receiver-General's Office, Sept. 2, 1786.

PURSUANT to further Instructions

received by the subscriber from the Supreme Executive Council, Notice is hereby given, that agreeably to an act of the General Assembly of this commonwealth, entitled "An Act for directing the sale of such of the city lots as remain the property of the state, &c." the following sixty-two city lots, situate on both sides of Market or High-street, on that pleasant rising ground between Fourth and Fifth-streets from Schuylkill, viz. No. 1921 to 1982, inclusive: And also the following eleven city lots on the north side of Chestnut-street, between the Seventh and Eighth-streets from Delaware, behind that well built part of the city occupied by General Mifflin, Benjamin Shoemaker, Daniel Rundie, &c. viz. No. 1983 to 1993, inclusive, will be exposed to public sale, at the old Coffee-House, in this city, on Wednesday, the 20th instant. The sale to begin precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Conditions of Sale. Gold or silver money, bills of credit of this state of the last emission, depreciation certificates, or other certificates of debts due by this state, on which interest is receivable at the treasury of this commonwealth, will be received in payment.

The whole purchase money to be paid within sixty days after the sale. Plans of the above lots to be seen at the Coffee-House afore said. FRANCIS JOHNSTON, Receiver-Gen.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away, on the 15th of July last, from the subscriber, living in Chester-Town, Maryland, a Negro man, named Anthony, a slim black fellow, pitted with the small-pox, five feet nine or ten inches high, 28 years of age, but looks older; he is a very artful fellow, has procured a pass, and when examined can tell a very plausible story. He has worked on a farm, in a mill, and blacksmith's shop, is a great gamester, fond of liquor and company, but very seldom gets drunk; it is expected he will pass thro' New-Castle and Wilmington to Philadelphia, and from thence to the Jerseys. No person can object to apprehend such an ungrateful rogue; I bought him a slave for life, and since have manumitted him free after a certain term. All persons are forewarned from harbouring or employing said Negro, or assisting him to get off either by land or water. Whoever secures him in any goal, where I may get him, and gives notice of the same, shall have Twenty Dollars, or the above reward if brought home. Q. W. THOMAS M'CLUER.

New-Castle county, August 14, 1786. WHEREAS a certain SPENCER PRICE, of St. George's Hundred, in the Delaware State, obtained a bill from a certain JOHN DOUGHERTY, wherein the subscriber am bound with said Dougherty; to the best of my knowledge the bill was obtained in April, in the year 1781, in a very fraudulent manner; therefore I forewarn all persons not to take any assignment thereon, as I am determined not to pay any part thereof, unless compelled by law. JOHN BURCHARD.

Philadelphia, August 2, 1786.

A NEW MAGAZINE,

At the present era, when the genuine spirit of liberty has extended its benign influence over these independent and highly favoured republics—when the encouragement of literature, the natural concomitant of FREEDOM, engages the attention of a great majority of those entrusted with power, or possessed of influence, throughout the union, the subscribers are induced respectfully to solicit the patronage of the free citizens of North-America, for

The Columbian Magazine,

which they mean to publish in this city on the following terms:

I. It shall be printed in monthly numbers: the first to appear on the first day of October next.

II. Each number shall contain three sheets or forty-eight pages of letter press, elegantly printed on a very neat paper, of American manufacture; and be adorned with two engravings on copper-plate, executed by an American artist.

III. No endeavours shall be spared to procure as great a variety of original essays, instructive and entertaining, as the nature and extent of the work will admit. The number and acknowledged merit of the gentlemen who have pledged themselves to furnish their compositions, inspire the subscribers with very sanguine expectations of acquiring the public approbation, which shall be the summit of their wishes.

IV. Price to subscribers twenty shillings per annum. One half to be paid at the time of subscribing: and the other half at the expiration of the first half year.—To non-subscribers a quarter of a dollar each number.

This design has been taken up, after mature deliberation: we shall not, therefore, rashly abandon it. We are fully determined to conduct the undertaking, as to merit the public attention; for which purpose every exertion shall be made, on our parts:—and the generous support of which we have been assured, added to the high estimation we have conceived of the taste, liberality and patriotic spirit of our respectable fellow citizens, justify our confidence of success.

T. SEDDON,
M. CAREY,
W. SPOTSWOOD,
C. CIST,
J. TRENCHARD.

Subscriptions are received in Philadelphia, by the proposed publishers, above named; in New-York, by Berry and Rogers; in Baltimore, by Spotswood and Clarke; in Charleston, by Wright and Co. and in Savannah, by Philip Hearne: By all of whom, essays, letters, poetry, &c. &c. will be gratefully received for the work.

The Editor of the Columbian Magazine shall esteem it a very particular favor, if any Gentleman will furnish him with anecdotes, or documents, for writing the Life of that much regretted hero GENERAL GREENE.

N. B. They shall be thankfully returned.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be Sold by
ELEAZER OSWALD,

(Price One Quarter of a Dollar)

An ORATION,

To commemorate the INDEPENDENCE of the UNITED STATES or NORTH-AMERICA, Delivered at the Reformed Calvinist Church, in Philadelphia, July 4th, 1786, and published at the request of the Pennsylvania Society of the Cincinnati.

By MAJOR W. JACKSON.

Universal Intelligence

AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

On the north side of Market, between Sixth and Seventh-streets.

WHERE all kinds of public securities are bought and sold, emissions of 1780 and of April 1781, for payment of lands, Virginia land warrants, bought and sold.

Certificates for the land-office procured on the most reasonable terms, and warrants taken out of the office.

For sale, 50 tracts of Pennsylvania patented lands, in Bucks, Berks, Chester, Lancaster and Westmoreland counties; 150,000 acres of patented Virginia lands.

Also a quantity of best Boston macerated, and a few barrels of limes, in prime order, &c.

The highest price given for clean wax-seal and bees wax, by
August 7, 1786. \$4 W
SIMON FISHAUGH.

PURSUANT to an Order issued out of the Orphans Court for the county of Chester, will be Sold at public Vendue, on the 9th day of September next, the sale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a valuable Tract, Piece or Parcel of Land, situate in the township of Chester, containing 44 acres, whereon are erected a stone barn, stables, &c. a sufficient proportion thereof is woodland, the rest fertile arable land, bounded by Edgmont road, Ridley creek, and by lands of William Evans and James Claxton, deceased; late the estate of William Evans, deceased, and to be sold by the subscriber, Administrator of the estate of said deceased.

August 4, 1786. J. WILLIAM EVANS, Administrator.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Vincent township, Chester county, on the 21st of July last, a bay mare, supposed to be about 11 or 12 years old, a natural trotter, has neither brand or ear-mark, a little white on her forehead, the mane on the near side. The owner is desired to come, property, pay charges, and take her away.
August 1, 1786. MICHAEL CYPHER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of Land, containing 60 acres, situate in Pittsgrove, Salem county, with a good Frame House, a room on the lower floor and three above, a good bearing Orchard of about 160 trees, a good Barn with Stables and Granaries, a Waggon-house and blacksmith shop; there is some good meadow, about 4 acres of it has wintered 14 head of cattle, also plenty of water if wanted, 6 fields almost in good cedar fence, with water in each field but one, and that very easy to be had, and a good never failing spring close by the door. The owner intending to go to the northward, will dispose of the same on reasonable terms. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the place, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.
DAVID DUBOIS.

In CONGRESS, August 22, 1786.

ON the Report of a Committee, to

whom was referred a report of the board of treasury, relative to the issue of indents to the state of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That the acts of Congress of the 27th and 28th of April, 1784, do not authorize any state to pay certificates or discounts of interest on the domestic debt, to an amount exceeding one quarter part of the sums or balances then due from the several states to complete a moiety of the requisition of the 30th October, 1781, for eight millions of dollars.

Resolved, That the board of treasury be and hereby are authorized and directed to give orders for the continuation of the issue of indents of interest in the state of Pennsylvania, agreeably to the requisition of the 27th September last: provided that such emission of indents be not considered as warranting that construction of the requisition of 27th and 28th April, 1784, which the state has thought proper to make, and by which construction \$6,658 dollars in specie, due to the United States upon that requisition, has not been provided for in the legislative act of the said state of the 8th March last.

CHARLES THOMPSON, Sec'y.

In consequence of the above resolution of Congress, and by orders of the board of treasury, interest in indents is now paying on certificates of liquidated debts and on loan-office certificates, in the state of Pennsylvania.

THOMAS SMITH, Com. Cont. Loan-Office.

Chester, August 14, 1786.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public Sale, on Tuesday, the 5th of September next, at 11 o'clock A. M. at the house of Samuel Johnson, in Chester, a Messuage and Tavern House and Lot of Ground. Also at the same time and place will be sold, a horse and cow, feather beds and bedding, tables, chairs, looking-glasses, pots, dishes, &c. &c. with sundry other articles, too tedious to mention; taken in execution as the estate real and personal of said Johnson, and to be sold, by

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, August 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the county commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 4th day of September next, at 3 o'clock, P. M. at the house of Aaron Phipps, in Uwchland, a Messuage and tract of Land, containing 282 acres, more or less, bounded by lands of Robert Smith, Francis Allison and others. This estate is supposed to be equal to any in this county for quantity and quality of meadow land, in proportion to its size. Taken in execution as the estate of Aaron Phipps; also at the same time and place will be sold implements of husbandry, household furniture, &c. &c.

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, August 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the county commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of William Henderson, in West Nantmill, on Tuesday, the 5th day of September next, a Messuage and tract of Land, containing 100 acres, more or less, bounded by lands late of Samuel Henderson, deceased, James Starrat and others; also at the same time and place will be sold, stock, implements of husbandry, &c. &c. Taken in execution as the estate of William Henderson, and to be sold by

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, August 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of James Robinson, innkeeper, in West Nantmill, on Wednesday, the 6th day of September next, at 3 o'clock, P. M. a Messuage and tract of Land, situate in the aforesaid township, bounded by lands late of Andrew Buchanan, Jeremiah Pearfol, and others, containing 170 acres more or less. Taken in execution as the estate of Michael Graham, and to be sold by

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, August 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Alexander Craig, in West Nantmill, on Thursday, the 7th day of September next, a Messuage and tract of Land, containing 200 acres more or less, bounded by lands of James Moore, Esq; and others; also at the same time and place will be exposed to sale, stock, implements of husbandry, &c. &c. Taken in execution as the estate of Alexander Craig, and to be sold, by

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, August 7, 1786.

BY virtue of a writ from the County Commissioners to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the house of Theophilus Davis, in Charlestown, on Friday, the 8th day of September next, a Messuage and tract of Land, containing 170 acres more or less, bounded by lands of Frederick Gerhart, Jacob Boyers, and others; also at the same time and place will be exposed to sale, stock, implements of husbandry, &c. &c. Taken in execution as the estate of said Davis, and to be sold, by

WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, situated in Charlestown township, Chester county, containing 131 acres and three quarters.

Also two TRACTS of LAND; the one situated in Cocalico, and the other in Brecknock township, containing together 136 acres. For terms, apply to the subscriber, in Third-street.
August 15, 1786. GEORGE FOX.

RAN away on the 6th instant, from the subscriber, living in Horsham township, Montgomery county, a Dutch servant man, named JOHN CONRAD LENTERSMITH, about 35 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, chunky and well set, speaks very little English, has straight brown hair; had on a nankeen coat, red flannel jacket, lined with white flannel, striped linen trousers, a fine white shirt, patched on the shoulders, thread stockings, good strong shoes, with large steel buckles, and a felt hat. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid dy
August 8, 1786. JOHN LLOYD.

Newtown, Bucks county, July 17, 1786.

WAS committed to the goal of this county, a NEGRO GIRL, about 16 years old. The owner or master is hereby desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be sold for her fees within three weeks from this date, by
PATRICK HUNTER, Gaoler.

N. B. She is supposed to be an apprentice, to a Mr. Burcham, of Philadelphia.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber living in Oxford township, Philadelphia county, the 27th of May, two red COWS with white faces, the owner or owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take them away; otherwise they will be sold in three weeks from the date hereof.
August 2, 1786. DAVID DERICKSON.

By the United States in Congress assembled.

RESOLVED,

June 27, 1786.

THAT the Judges of the Court of Appeals be, and hereby are authorized and directed, in every cause which has been or may be brought before them, to sustain appeals and grant rehearings or new trials of the same, wherever justice or right may in their opinion require it: Provided that an order for a rehearing or new trial shall in no instance suspend the execution of the first sentence, if the party in whose favour it may have been shall give satisfactory security for the payment of such costs and damages as the Court on rehearing the cause and reversing the decree may think proper to award; and that the said Judges be entitled to ten dollars per day during the time they shall attend the sitting of the said Courts, and including the time they shall be necessarily employed in travelling to and from the same.

Resolved, That the said Court assemble at the City of New-York on the first Monday of November next, for the dispatch of such business as may then and there be before them.

CHARLES THOMPSON, Secretary.

* * The Printers in the several States are requested to re-publish the above Resolutions, and to continue them in their papers for the information of all persons concerned.

NEW BOOKS.

This Day is Published, and Sold by

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At the New Book and Stationary Store, in Second-street, two Doors above Chestnut-street,

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23. Fitch's map of the northwest parts of the United States, from Pittsburgh to the Mississippi, and from the Lake of the Woods to the junction of the Ohio with the Mississippi.—Price 8/4.

T. DOBSON has for sale—A very excellent and extensive collection of the best modern books, in various branches of literature, with a general assortment of stationary, viz. writing paper of various kinds, blank books, ruled books of various sizes, fine black-lead pencils, writing parchment, ink powder, sealing wax, wafers, &c. &c. wholesale and retail. Those who are pleased to honor him with their commands, may depend on the best usage, and the utmost accuracy and attention in the execution of their orders.
July 21, 1786.